			Goods p	producing		Service providing									
Characteristic	Local government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	25,840		-			25,670	3,090				11,350	370		10,400	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	1,290					1,290	110				530			630	
Sprains, strains, tears	11,880					11,850	1,030				5,550	130		4,850	
Amputations															
Bruise, contusions	1,630					1,520	200				840			430	
Chemical burns and corrosions	50					50			-			-		50	
Heat (thermal) burns	130					130					70				
Soreness, pain	2,500					2,470	290				910	30		1,170	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	1,040					1,040	170 90				300	20		550 380	
Cuts, lacerations	740 300					740 300	90 80				270			380 170	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) Carpal tunnel syndrome	310					310	80				180			70	
Tendonitis	120					120					50			50	
Multiple traumatic injuries	1,570					1,570	190				1,110			230	
With sprains and other injuries	890					890					660			170	
With fractures and other injuries	240					240	80				110			30	
Part of body affected:															
Head	1,160					1,050	110				510	50		380	
Eye	210					210					40			140	
Neck	400					400					280			90	
Trunk	6,890					6,860	640				2,950	80		3,090	
Back	5,390					5,390	510				2,560	60		2,170	
Upper extremities	5,910					5,910	550				2,580	70		2,550	
Shoulder	1,610					1,610	80				840	20		630	
Arm	910					910	100				410			360	
Wrist	1,000					1,000	150				470			320	
Hand	1,600					1,600	120				540			880	
Lower extremities	5,150					5,120	760				1,970	110		2,200	
Knee	2,310					2,280	490		-		630	40		1,110	
Ankle Foot	1,110 530					1,110 530	90				620 280	30 30		360 180	
Toe, toenail	40					40					200	30		30	
Body systems	1,100					1,090	130		_		480	30		450	
Multiple	4,460					4,460	580				2,270	30		1,460	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	290					290	40				80			160	
Containers	1,790					1,790	60				850	40		770	
Furniture, fixtures	820					820	40				590			140	
Machinery	710					710					290			260	
Parts and materials	870					840	260				350	30		160	
Person, injured or ill worker	6,670					6,670	700 660				2,360	80		3,410	
Worker motion or position	6,060					6,060	660				2,150	70 30		3,060	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	4,120 530					4,120 530	160				2,320 450	30		1,560	
Health care patient						3,350	320					60		90 1,240	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces Ladder	3,350 160					3,350 160	320		-		1,690 130	60		30	
Handtools	660					660	50				370			220	
Vehicles	1,310					1,310					350			630	
Trucks	1,310					1,310					60			80	
HUGKS	150				· -	150				·	00		· -	1 80	

Characteristic		Goods producing				Service providing									
	Local government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	190					190					170				
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3,230					3,230	310				1,340	20		1,540	
Intentional injury by other person	850					850	90				460			290	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1,950					1,950					850			1,050	
Animal and insect related incidents	390					390	200							160	
Transportation incidents	780					780	260				100			400	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	610					610	240				50			310	
Fires and explosions															
Falls, slips, trips	5,950					5,920	490				3,660	70		1,620	
Slips, trips without fall	1,030					1,030	50				660			300	
Fall on same level	4,320					4,320	370				2,800	50		1,020	
Fall to lower level	440					440	70				200			170	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	1,670					1,660	140				620	50		850	
Contact with object, equipment	2,980					2,870	270				1,090	70		1,390	
Struck by object or equipment	1,340					1,240	110				610	50		460	
Struck against object or equipment	1,200					1,200	130				360	20		650	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	240					240					100			120	
Overexertion and bodily reaction	9,870					9,840	990				3,960	150		4,440	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1,150					1,150					460	40		550	
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	2,310					2,280	120				1,400	60		600	

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 18, 2015

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.